# Tax Rates 2024-2025

## **RA** Accountants up

Income Tax						
Allowances			2024/25	5	20	23/24
Personal Allowance (PA	)*		£12,570			12,570
Marriage Allowance†	/		1.260			1.260
Blind Person's Allowand	e		3.070	)		2.870
Rent a room relief**			7,500	)		7,500
Trading Income**			1,000			1,000
Property Income**			1.000	)		1.000
*PA is withdrawn at £1 for ev	ery £2 by whic	h 'adjus	ted income' ex	ceeds £10	0,000. *	There is
no allowance given above £1		-				
<sup>+</sup> The part of the PA that is tra	ansferable to a	spouse	or civil partne	r who is no	t a high	ier
or additional rate taxpayer. **If gross income exceeds th	ie the limit ma	v ha dar	lucted instead	of actual e	vnonce	20
Rate bands	is, uie illilli illi	y be dec	2024/25			23/24
Basic Rate Band (BRB)			£37.700			37.700
Higher Rate Band (HRB)	1	37.70	1 - 125,140			25.140
Additional rate			over 125.140			25,140
Personal Savings Allow	ance (PSA)		//01/120,140	, ·	JVCI I	23,140
- Basic rate taxpayer			1.000	1 I		1,000
- Higher rate taxpayer			500			500
Dividend Allowance (DA	)		500			1.000
BRB and additional rate three		ased by			utions	
permitted limit) and Gift Aid		,				(
Tax rates						
Rates differ for General/Savin	as/Dividend inc	ome <b>20</b>	24/25		20	23/24
hates affer for deneral sum	G	S	D	G	ŝ	D
Basic rate %	20	20	8.75	20	20	8.75
Higher rate %	40	40	33.75	40	40	33.75
Additional rate %	45	45	39.35	45	45	39.35
General income (salary, pens	ions, business					
basic rate and higher rate ba						
taxpayers are taxed at different	ent rates on ge	neral ind	come (see belo	ow).		
To the extent that savings in	come falls in tl	he first £	25,000 of the b	asic rate b	and, it	is taxed
at nil rather than 20%. The PSA taxes interest at nil			in a ha davahla	-+ 20%	409/	
Dividends are normally taxed						
(2023/24: £1,000) of dividend						annly
		unici un				
Income tax - Scotland			2024/25			23/24
	19% (19%)	2.2	£2,306			£2,162
	20% (20%)		07 - 13,991 92 - 31.092			13,118 31,092
	21% (21%) 42% (42%)		192 - 31,092 193 - 62,430			25.140
	42% (42%) 45% (N/A)		93 - 62,430		35 - I	25,140 N/A
					1	,
Top rate Savings and dividend income	48% (47%) are taxed at no		over 125,140	,	1	25,140

In an en a Tau

Savings and dividend income are taxed at normal UK rates. High Income Child Benefit Charge (HICBC) 1% of child benefit for each £200 (2023/24: £100) of adjusted net income between £60,000 and £80,000 (2023/24: £50,000 and £60,000).

2024/25	2023/24
£30.000	£30,000
	60.000
	be UK domiciled
2024/25	2023/24
£60,000	£60,000
-	2023/24
	£156.20
221.20	203.85
-	
2024/25	2023/24
000.000	000.000
	£20,000
	4,000
	9,000 2,000,000
	200.000
	200,000
	200,000
	E
	Employer 13.8%
0.0	
	£175pw
	no limit
	N/A
,	£5,000
	£30,000 60,000 Deemed to I 2024/25 £60,000 mings (capped at AA) en adjusted income e 5, unless a higher am 2024/25 £169,50

Institute or employer NIC on earnings up to ±967 per week for employees aged under 21, apprentices aged under 25 and ex-armed forces personnel in their first twelve months of civilian employment.

\*\*Some businesses do not qualify, including certain sole director companies and employers who have an employer's Class 1 NIC liability of £100,000 or more for 2023/24. Employer contributions (at 13.8%) are also due on most taxable benefits (Class 1A) and on tax paid on an employee's behalf under a PAYE settlement agreement (Class 1B).

#### Class 2 (Self-employed)

Flat rate per week if profits below £6,725 (voluntary)

£3.45

#### National Insurance Contributions (continued)

Class 3 (Voluntary) Flat rate per week

#### Class 4 (Self-employed)

On profits between £12,570 and £50,270

On profits over £50,270

Employees with earnings above £123 per week and the self-employed with annual profits over £6,726 (or who pay voluntary Class 2 contributions) can access entitlement to contributory benefits.

#### Vehicle Benefits

Cars: Taxable benefit: List price of car multiplied by chargeable percentage.

	Electric	
CO2	Range	2024/25 & 2023/24
g/km	miles	%
0	N/A	2
1-50	>130	2
1-50	70 -129	5
1-50	40 - 69	8
1-50	30 - 39	12
1-50	<30	14
51-54	N/A	15

Then a further 1% for each 5g/km CO<sub>2</sub> emissions, up to a maximum of 37%. Diesel cars that are not RDE2 standard suffer a 4% supplement on the above figures but are still capped at 37%.

Vans: Chargeable value of £3,960 (2023/24: £3,960) if private use is more than home-to-work. Zero-emission vans charged at £Nil (2023/24: £Nil).

#### Fuel

Employer provides fuel for private motoring in an employer-owned: Car: CO<sub>2</sub>-based percentage from above table multiplied by £27,800 (2023/24: £27,800).

Van: £757 (2023/24: £757).

Employee contributions do not reduce taxable figure unless all private fuel is paid for by the employee (in which case there is no benefit charge).

#### Tax-free mileage allowances

Employee's own transport	per business mile
Cars first 10,000 miles	45p
Cars over 10,000 miles	25p
Business passengers	5p
Motorcycles	24p
Bicycles	20p

£17.45

6%

2%

Capital Gains Tax		
Annual exempt amount	2024/25	2023/24
Individuals, estates	£3,000	£6,000
Most trusts	1,500	3,000
Tax rate		
Individual up to Basic Rate Limit (BRL)		
<ul> <li>Residential property and carried interest</li> </ul>	est 18%	18%
<ul> <li>Other assets</li> </ul>	10%	10%
Individual above BRL, trusts and estates	\$	
<ul> <li>Residential property</li> </ul>	24%	28%
<ul> <li>Carried interest</li> </ul>	28%	28%
<ul> <li>Other assets</li> </ul>	20%	20%
Business Asset Disposal Relief (BADR)	10%	10%
Corporation Tax		
Year to	31.3.2025	31.3.2024
Main rate (profits above £250,000)	25%	25%
Small profits rate (profits up to £50,000)	) 19%	19%
Marginal relief band (MRB)	£50k – £250k	£50k – £250k
MRB fraction (effective marginal rate)	3/200 (26.5%)	3/200 (26.5%)
Research and development relief		
Accounting periods beginning on or	1.4.2024	
R&D Expenditure Credit (RDEC) scheme	20%	
R&D-intensive SMEs enhanced expendit	ture scheme**	86%
Taughla aug and itura and it for qualifying DRD	Additional daduation	n for qualifying DPD

\*Taxable expenditure credit for qualifying R&D. \*\*Additional deduction for qualifying R&D. R&D-intensive companies are those that have R&D expenditure constituting at least 30% of total tax-deductible P&L expenses plus capitalised R&D costs. Loss-making R&Dintensive companies can claim a payable credit rate of 14.5% from HMRC in exchange for their losses (capped at £2000 plus 3 x |PAYE & NIC).

Main capital allowances		
Plant and machinery allowances	Year to	Year to
Companies only	31.3.25	31.3.24
<ul> <li>First-year allowance (main pool)</li> </ul>	100%	100%
- First-year allowance (special rate pool)	50%	50%
Annual Investment Allowance (AIA)		
<ul> <li>Expenditure of up to £1m</li> </ul>	100%	100%
Writing down allowance: main pool	18%	18%
Writing down allowance: special rate pool	6%	6%
Motor cars purchased	From 1.4.21	Allowance
1	$CO_2$ (g/km)	
New cars only	NÍ	100%
In general pool	up to 50	18%
In special rate pool	above 50	6%
Structures and buildings allowance		
Fixed deduction per annum		3%

#### **Property Taxes**

ATED applies to 'high value' residential properties owned via a corporate structure, unless the property is used for a qualifying purpose.

Annual charge to		
5 31.3.2024		
) £4,150		
) 8,450		
) 28,650		
) 67,050		
) 134,550		
269,450		

Stamp Duty Land Tax (SDLT), Land and Buildings Transaction Tax (LBTT) and Land Transaction Tax (LTT)

Residential p	roperty	(1st property	only)		
SDLT - England & NI LBTT - Scotland		LTT - Wales			
£000	Rate	£000	Rate	£000	Rate
Up to 250	Nil	Up to 145	Nil	Up to 225	Nil
250 - 925	5%	145 - 250	2%	225 - 400	6.0%
925 - 1,500	10%	250 - 325	5%	400 - 750	7.5%
Over 1,500	12%	325 - 750	10%	750 - 1,500	10.0%
		Over 750	12%	Over 1,500	12.0%

A supplement applies for all three taxes where an additional residential property interest is purchased for more than £40,000 (unless replacing a main residence). It is also payable by all corporate purchasers. The rate is 3% (SDLT), and 6% (LBTT) of the total purchase price. LTT has specific higher rates in bandings: up to 180k: 4%, 180 - 250k: 7.5%, 250 - 400k: 9%, 400 - 750k: 11.5%, 750-1,500k: 14%, >1,500k: 16%. For SDLT:

 First-time buyers purchasing a property of up to £625,000 pay a nil rate on the first £425,000 of the purchase price.

- A 2% supplement applies where the property is bought by certain non-UK residents.

 A rate of 15% may apply to the total purchase price, where the property is valued above £500,000 and purchased by a 'non-natural person' (e.g. a company).

For LBTT, first-time buyer relief increases the nil rate band to £175,000.

	or mixed	

SDLT - Engla	nd & NI	LBTT - Sco	tland	LTT - Wales	
£000	Rate	£000	Rate	£000	Rate
Up to 150	Nil	Up to 150	Nil	Up to 225	Nil
150 - 250	2%	150 - 250	1%	225 - 250	1%
Over 250	5%	Over 250	5%	250 - 1,000	5%
				Over 1,000	6%

### Value Added Tax

Standard rate (1/6 of VAT-inclusive price)

	From 1.4.2024	Pre 1.4.2024
Registration level - Taxable turnover	£90,000 p.a.	£85,000 p.a.
Deregistration level - Taxable turnover	88,000 p.a.	83,000 p.a.

20%

#### **Inheritance Tax**

	2024/25	2023/24
Nil rate band (NRB)*	£325,000	£325,000
NRB Residential enhancement (RNRB)**	175,000	175,000
Tax rate on death**	40%	40%
Tax rate on lifetime transfers to most trusts	20%	20%

\*Up to 100% of the proportion of a deceased spouse's/civil partner's unused NRB and RNRB band may increment the current NRB and RNRB when the survivor dies.

<sup>+</sup>RNRB applies to death transfers of a main residence to (broadly) direct descendants. It tapers away at the rate of £1 for every £2 of estate value above £2m.

\*\*Rate reduced to 36% if at least 10% of the relevant estate is left to charity.

Unlimited exemption for transfers between spouses/civil partners, except if UK domiciled transferor and foreign domiciled transferee, where maximum exemption is £325,000.

100% Business Property Relief (BPR) for shareholdings in qualifying unquoted trading companies and certain other business assets.

Reduced tax charge on gifts within 7	years b	efore d	eath		
Years before death	0-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7
% of full death tax charge payable	100	80	60	40	20

Annual exemptions for lifetime gifts include £3,000 per donor and £250 per recipient.

Key dates and deadlin	nes					
Self assessment payment	dates	2024/25	2023/24			
1st payment on account	31 January	2025	2024			
2nd payment on account	31 July	2025	2024			
Balancing payment Capital Gains Tax*	31 January	2026	2025			
Capital Gains Tax*	31 January	2026	2025			
Other payment dates						
Class 1A NIC	19 July	2025	2024			
Class 1B NIC	19 October	2025	2024			
Corporation tax is due 9 months and 1 day from the end of the						
accounting period, unless a 'large' company paying by quarterly						
instalments.						
2023/24 Filing deadlines						
Issue P60s to employees		21 May	2024			

Issue Foos to employees	SIIVIdy	2024			
P11D, P11D(b)	6 July	2024			
Self Assessment Tax Return (SATR)					
paper version	31 October	2024			
Online SATR if outstanding tax to be included					
in 2025/26 PAYE code (if under £3,000)	30 December	2024			
Online SATR	31 January	2025			
*A CGT return is due within 60 days of completion of sale of any UK land and buildings					

by a non-resident and of sale of UK residential property with a tax liability by a UK resident. Any CGT payable is also due within 60 days.

You are advised to consult us before acting on any information contained herein.

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